Maintenance Plan Contingency Measures

- Primary focus on NO_x reductions
- Phased approach
 - First trigger at 85 ppb
 - Large NO_x sources in planning area first
 - Medium NO_x sources in planning area and large NO_x sources in Miami and Linn Counties next
- VOC reductions concurrent with phase 1 NO_x reductions

Kansas City NO_x Point Sources

- Wall Fired Utility Boilers
- Cyclone Fired Utility Boilers
- Natural Gas Fired Furnaces
- Natural Gas Compressor Station Engines
- Cement Kilns

Kansas City Metropolitan Statistical Area 2003



Potential Implementation Triggers

- Violation of standard 85ppb design value
- Higher concentration 90ppb
- Upward trend in design value

Proposed Kansas Controls

- Phase I: Reduction in NOx emissions from point sources > 1000 tons of actual emissions per year in Wyandotte and Johnson Counties
- Phase II: Reductions in NOx emissions from point sources >100 tons of actual emissions per year in Wyandotte and Johnson Counties and large NOx sources in Miami and Linn Counties

Proposed Kansas Controls

- Phase I 1000 ton sources
 - Wall-fired EGUs in planning area
 - Furnaces??
- Phase II 100 ton sources
 - Cyclone EGUs in planning area
 - Furnaces
 - EGU units and RICE units outside of planning area that contribute to KC ozone problem

Phase I - Missouri Controls

 Reduction in NOx emissions from point sources greater than 1000 tons of emissions per year of actual emissions in Clay, Platte, and Jackson Counties

Will not include EGUs covered by CAIR

Phase II - Missouri Controls

 Reductions in NOx emissions from all point sources >100 tons of actual emissions in Clay, Platte and Jackson Counties

This includes EGUs that were exempt from CAIR

Coal Fired EGUs

- Wall-Fired
 - Proposed NOx emission rate of
 - 0.23 lb/MMBtu

- Cyclone
 - Proposed NOx emission rate of
 - 0.15 lb/MMBtu

Wall fired boiler EGU Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/kW primary pollutant)
Low NO _x burner with Overfire Air	55%	\$23/kW - capital costs
Low NO _x burner w/o Overfire Air	40%	\$17/kW - capital costs
SNCR	35%	\$10-\$20/kW - capital cost 0.5-1.5 mills/kWh - fixed O&M
SCR	90%	\$60-\$150/kW - capital costs 0.54\$/kW-yr(0.06 mills/kWh) - fixed O&M
Natural Gas Reburn	50%	\$30-\$60/kW (2000\$) - capital costs

Source: A Review of DOE/NETL's Advanced NOx Control Technology R&D Program for Coal-Fired Power Plants DOE/NETL NOx R&D Program Review, March 2005

Cyclone boiler Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/kW primary pollutant)
SNCR	35%	\$20-\$40/kW - capital cost 1.0-2.0 mills/kWh - fixed O&M
SCR	90%	\$100-\$250/kW - capital costs 1.54\$/kW-yr(0.09-2.5 mills/kWh) - fixed O&M
Natural Gas Reburn	50%	\$20-\$30/kW - capital cost 2.8 mills/kWh - O&M cost

Non-EGU NOx Sources

- ICI Boilers
- Furnaces
 - Flat Glass
 - Fiberglas
- Compressor Stations
 - RICE 2-cycle lean burn
- Cement kilns

Industrial Boiler Control

- Anticipated to mirror EGU controls
- May reevaluate based on cost per ton consideration

Boiler Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/kW primary pollutant)
Low NO _x burner with Overfire Air	55%	\$23/kW - capital costs
Low NO _x burner w/o Overfire Air	40%	\$17/kW - capital costs
SNCR	35%	\$10-\$20/kW - capital cost 0.5-1.5 mills/kWh - fixed O&M
SCR	90%	\$60-\$150/kW - capital costs 0.54\$/kW-yr(0.06 mills/kWh) - fixed O&M
Natural Gas Reburn	50%	\$30-\$60/kW (2000\$) - capital costs

Source: A Review of DOE/NETL's Advanced NOx Control Technology R&D Program for Coal-Fired Power Plants DOE/NETL NOx R&D Program Review, March 2005

ICI Boiler - NOx Control

Mea	Measure Summary (Limited List)						
		NOx Control Curve					
			Indiv	idual Measure			
Measure Code	Source Type	Measure Name	Reduction	Cost			
N01101	ICI Boilers - Coal/Wall	SNCR	5,814	\$11,131,293	9		
N01104	ICI Boilers - Coal/Wall	SCR	13,082	\$31,223,648	9		
N01201	ICI Boilers - Coal/FBC	SNCR - Urea	2,741	\$4,270,517	9		
N01301	ICI Boilers - Coal/Stoker	SNCR	2,850	\$6,068,563	9		

N01104	ICI Bollers - Coal/wall	SCR	13,082	\$31,223,648	\$2,387
N01201	ICI Boilers - Coal/FBC	SNCR - Urea	2,741	\$4,270,517	\$1,558
N01301	ICI Boilers - Coal/Stoker	SNCR	2,850	\$6,068,563	\$2,129
N01402	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	Coal Reburn	1,914	\$1,235,611	\$645

GEUPH

\$2,345

\$4,816

\$1,583

\$1,241

\$4,218

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N01201	ICI Boilers - Coal/FBC	SNCR - Urea	2,741	\$4,270,517	\$1,558
N01301	ICI Boilers - Coal/Stoker	SNCR	2,850	\$6,068,563	\$2,129
N01402 N01404 N01403	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	Coal Reburn NGR SCR	1,914 2,106 3,446	\$1,235,611 \$1,359,173 \$5,189,566	\$645 \$645 \$1,506
N01501 N01502 N01503	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil ICI Boilers - Residual Oil ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	LNB LNB + FGR SCR	5,537 93 8,933	\$4,981,574 \$216,768 \$20,871,182	\$900 \$2,324 \$2,337

N01201	ICI Boilers - Coal/FBC	SNCR - Urea	2,741	\$4,270,517	\$1,558
N01301	ICI Boilers - Coal/Stoker	SNCR	2,850	\$6,068,563	\$2,129
N01402	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	Coal Reburn	1,914	\$1,235,611	\$645
N01404	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	NGR	2,106	\$1,359,173	\$645
N01403	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	SCR	3,446	\$5,189,566	\$1,506
N01501	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	LNB	5,537	\$4,981,574	\$900
N01502	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	LNB + FGR	93	\$216,768	\$2,324
N01503	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	SCR	8,933	\$20,871,182	\$2,337
NO4CO4	ICI Bailana Diatillata Oil	LND	420	C4 442 040	¢2 F20

N01301	ICI Boilers - Coal/Stoker	SNCR	2,850	\$6,068,563	\$2,129
N01402	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	Coal Reburn	1,914	\$1,235,611	\$645
N01404	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cyclone	NGR	2,106	\$1,359,173	\$645
N01403	ICI Boilers - Coal/Cýclone	SCR	3,446	\$5,189,566	\$1,506
N01501	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	LNB	5,537	\$4,981,574	\$900
N01502	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	LNB + FGR	93	\$216,768	\$2,324
N01503	ICI Boilers - Residual Oil	SCR	8,933	\$20,871,182	\$2,337
N01601	ICI Boilers - Distillate Oil	LNB	438	\$1,113,018	\$2,539

N01602	ICI Boilers - Distillate Oil	LNB + FGR	202	\$474,182
N01603	ICI Boilers - Distillate Oil	SCR	2,235	\$10,762,085
N01701	ICI Boilers - Natural Gas	LNB	2,113	\$3,345,149
N01703	ICI Boilers - Natural Gas	OT + WI	39,000	\$48,404,268
N01704	ICI Boilers - Natural Gas	SCR	54,073	\$228,082,649
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Source: "Evaluation of Potential Control Measures", Presented by Gregory Stella, Alpine Geophysics, LLC for CENRAP Workgroup & POG Mtg., July 10, 2006

Glass Furnace Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/ton primary pollutant)
OXY-Firing	85%	2,100-4,400 (EPA,1994) 1,254-2,542 (IPCC,2001) 2,352 (DOE,2002)
SCR	75%	810-2,950 (EPA,1994) 727-1,941 (IPCC,2001) 3,000 (DOE,2002)
SNCR	40%	830-2,000 (EPA,1994) 840-1,617 (IPCC,2001) 1,382 (DOE,2002)
Low NO _x burner	40%	790-1,920 (EPA, 1994) 323-1,045 (IPCC,2001)
Fuel Reburn	50%-65%	571-1,349 (for 3R, IPCC,2001)
Electric Boost	10%	2,600-9,900 (EPA, 1994) 7,100 (DOE,2002)

Source: Source Category: Glass Manufacturing, Interim White Paper – Midwest RPO Candidate Control Measures

RICE Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/ton primary pollutant)*
L-E (low speed)	87%	500-2,000
Ignition Retard	20%	550-1,200
Air/Fuel + Ignition Retard	30%	500-1,900
Air/Fuel Ratio Adjustment	20%	380-2,000
SCR	80%	2,400-3,600

Cement Kiln Controls

- Plan on extending current State Regulation 6.380 to cover Clay, Platte and Jackson counties
- Control Options
 - Low NOx burner
 - Mid Kiln firing
 - 2.7 lb NOx/ton of clinker
 - Control technology that shows at least 30% reduction

Cement Kiln Control Measure Name	Control Efficiency (% from baseline)	Avg. Annual Cost Effectiveness (\$/ton primary pollutant)
Low NOx Burner	30%	\$ 5,750 - 6,125
Mid Kiln Firing	30%	\$ 3,600 - 3,900
Equivalent Process Changes	30%	Varies

Tentative Time Frame for Implementation of Controls

- Violation of the standard 2007 ozone season
- EPA must determine violation occurred
 - Letter to states for implementation of controls
- States begin regulation implementation
 - Affected sources given time period to comply
- Sources must have controls in place end of time period

Questions/Issues to be resolved

- Actual vs. Potential Emissions
- Trigger for implementing supplemental control measures

COMMENTS/QUESTIONS?